

### **REGIONAL WORKSHOP**

"ENHANCING SMALLHOLDER PLANTATIONS TOWARDS QUALITY TIMBER PRODUCTION OF TEAK AND OTHER ECONOMIC SPECIES AND CARBON NEUTRALITY IN THE TROPICS"

# DEVELOPMENT OF SMALLHOLDER TEAK PLANTATIONS IN VIETNAM

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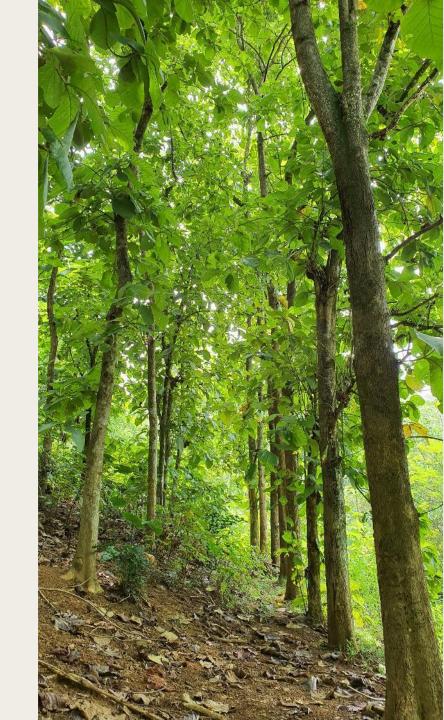
Vietnamese Academy of Forest Sciences

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# Outline

- Vietnam timber production 2023
- History of Teak planting in Vietnam
- Current Teak plantation in Vietnam
- Advantages and constraints of smallholder Teak plantation development
- Supporting smallholder Teak plantation development by ITTO Teak Project
- Conclusion and recommendations



# **Vietnam timber production 2023**

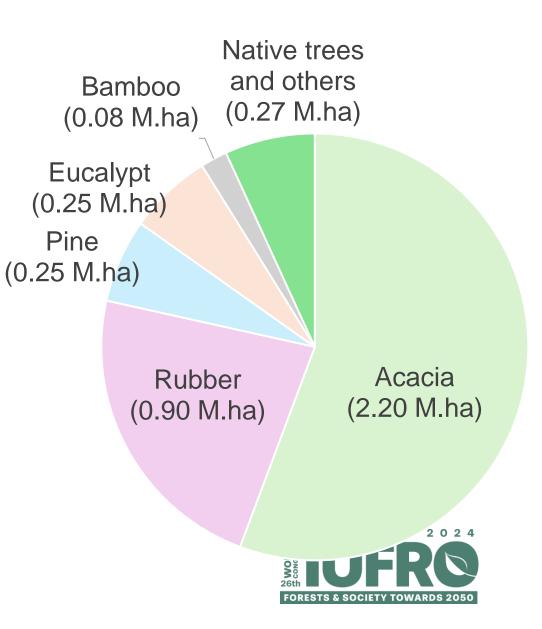


14.8 M.ha forested area; 42% cover rate

- 10.1 M.ha natural forest
- **4.7** M.ha planted forest:
  - ✓ 3.95 M.ha of timber production forest
  - >70% managed by smallholders of 1-3 ha/ household)
- 30 M.m<sup>3</sup> timber harvest annually
- **5.800** timber processing enterprises
- **515** FDI timber processing companies



- 13.46 B. USD exporting wood products
- 8.12 B. USD furniture
- 2.22 B. USD woodchips
- 0.68 B. USD wood pellets
- 2.44 B. USD artificial boards and others



# History of Teak planting in Vietnam

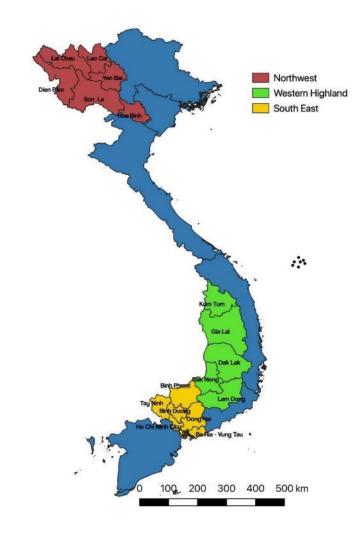
- 1899: First introduced to
   Vietnam
- **1939 1962:** Trial planted from the North to the South
- 1960s on ward: Planted widely in the Southeast, Central Highland and Northwest, but with little success



# **Current Teak plantation in Vietnam**

Plantation area	Age classes (%)			
(1,000 ha)	0-20 yrs	21-40 yrs	41-60 yrs	61-80 yrs
7.65	72.5%	24.1%	0%	3.3%

74% managed by households and 26% by private/state corporation Productivity (MAI; m<sup>3</sup>/ha/year): 5-12

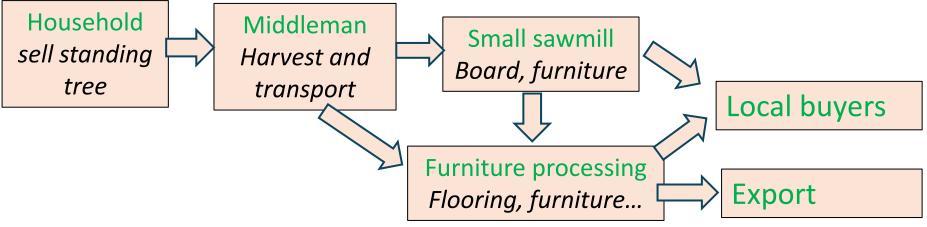






### Smallholder Teak value chain in Son La province

- About 4,000 ha planted by smallholders in 1990s funded by some projects.
- From 2015, farmers started thinning or harvesting, about 10,000 m<sup>3</sup>/year



Profit of different	Actor	Profit (USD/m <sup>3</sup> )	Rate (%)
actors in the value	• Farmer (year/m <sup>3</sup> )	4.55	2.67
chains	<ul> <li>Middleman</li> </ul>	26.8	15.72
Chains	• Sawmill	139.1	81.61





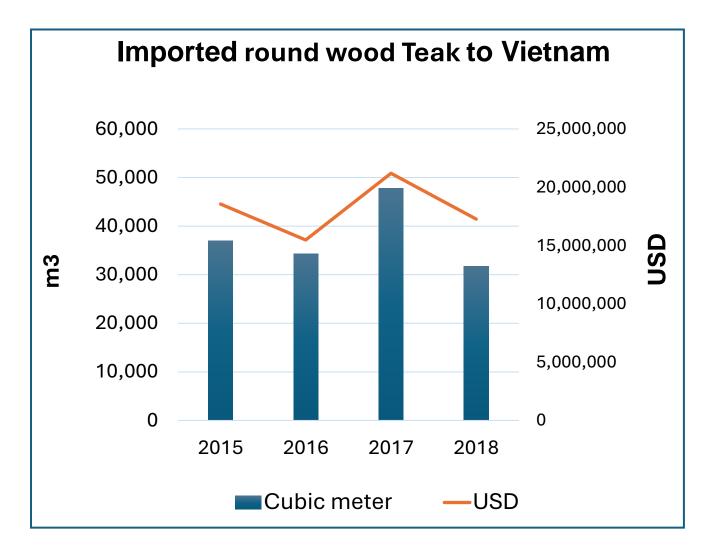






# Advantages of smallholder Teak development in Vietnam

- Secure land tenure and ownership
- High demand of Teak timber
- Active actors, especially middlemen and wood processors
- Good market (both domestic and export)
- Good policy on timber legality insurance system, certification...



# **Constraints of smallholder Teak development in** Vietnam

- Limited improved germplasm or seed source
- Low productivity in some area (degraded and acidic soils)
- Small-scale(1-3 ha/household), low capacity (silviculture knowledge and finance) for long harvesting rotation
- Lack of incentives for long-rotation planting (low value chain, market engagement, microfinance mechanism...)





### Supporting smallholder Teak plantation development by the ITTO Teak Project

- Improvement of germplasm and seed sources
  - Selected hundreds of plus trees
  - ✓ Importing improved clones from Laos, Thailand









### • Capacity building:

- ✓ National workshops on Teak
- Trainings on nursery and silviculture techniques for local extensionists, forestry officers and selected farmers













### • Development of demonstration plots:

- Trials of silviculture treatments
- Teak planting in different regimes, such as plantation, agroforestry, scattered planting...

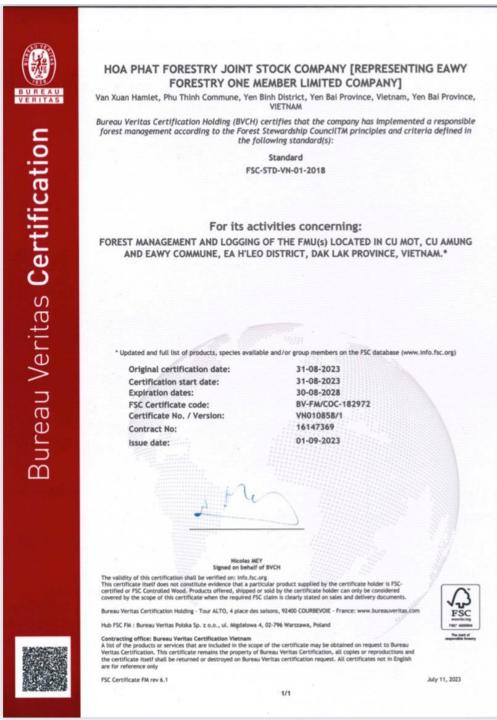


# • Supporting teak smallholder group certification:

Support a wood processing company to cooperate with Teak planting smallholders to develop a smallholder group certification in Dak Lak province (500 ha)







### **Conclusion and Recommendations**

- High potential for development of smallholder Teak plantation in Vietnam
- Need many supports for boosting teak growth by:
  - Improvement of germplasm quality and seedling production
  - Technical capacity building to teak growers and stakeholders (forestry officer, extensionist...)
  - Development of diverse silviculture options for diversifying income regime (teak-based agroforestry, intensive planting for short rotation, tree-outside-forest planting...)
  - Improvement of the value chain and marketing by building partnerships among the chain actors, especially the primary processors, middlemen and the growers... via group certification
  - Micro-finance mechanism for long-term investment, are promising solutions.





Federal Ministry of Food and Agriculture





# Thank you for your attention!



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